

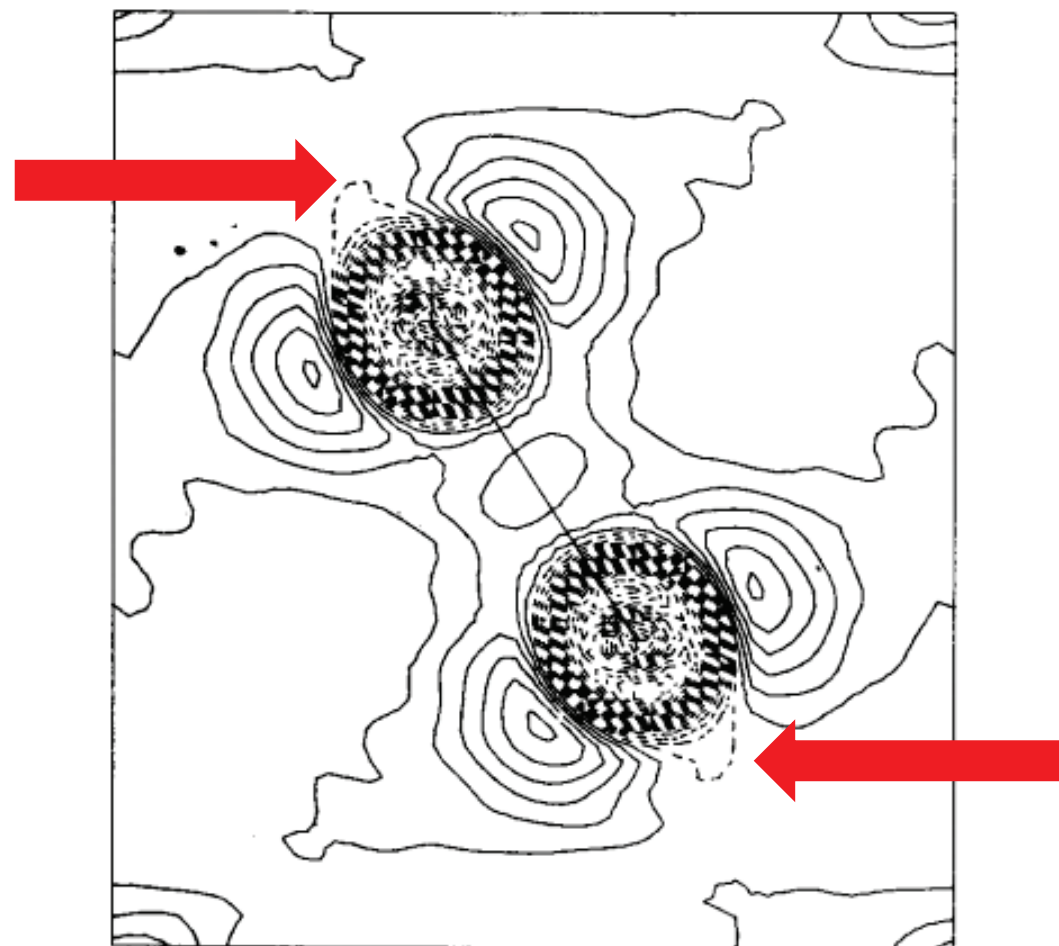
# Investigations on tellurium-nitrogen interactions in the solid state and gas phase

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ESGED 18  
3<sup>rd</sup> of July 2019

Kleinwalsertal / AT

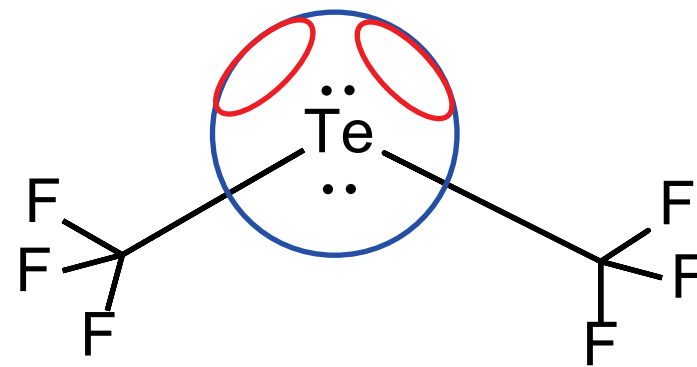
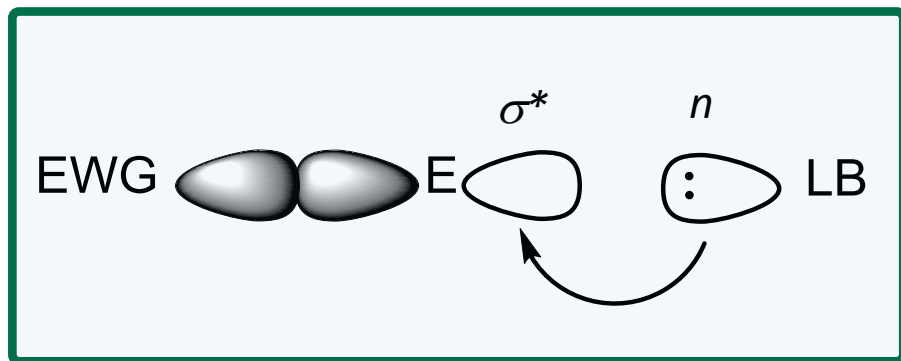
# Polar flattening

- $\text{Cl}_2$
- $0.03 \text{ e}\text{\AA}^{-3} / 90 \text{ K}$
- „flattening“ of the electron density
  - $\sigma$ -hole concept

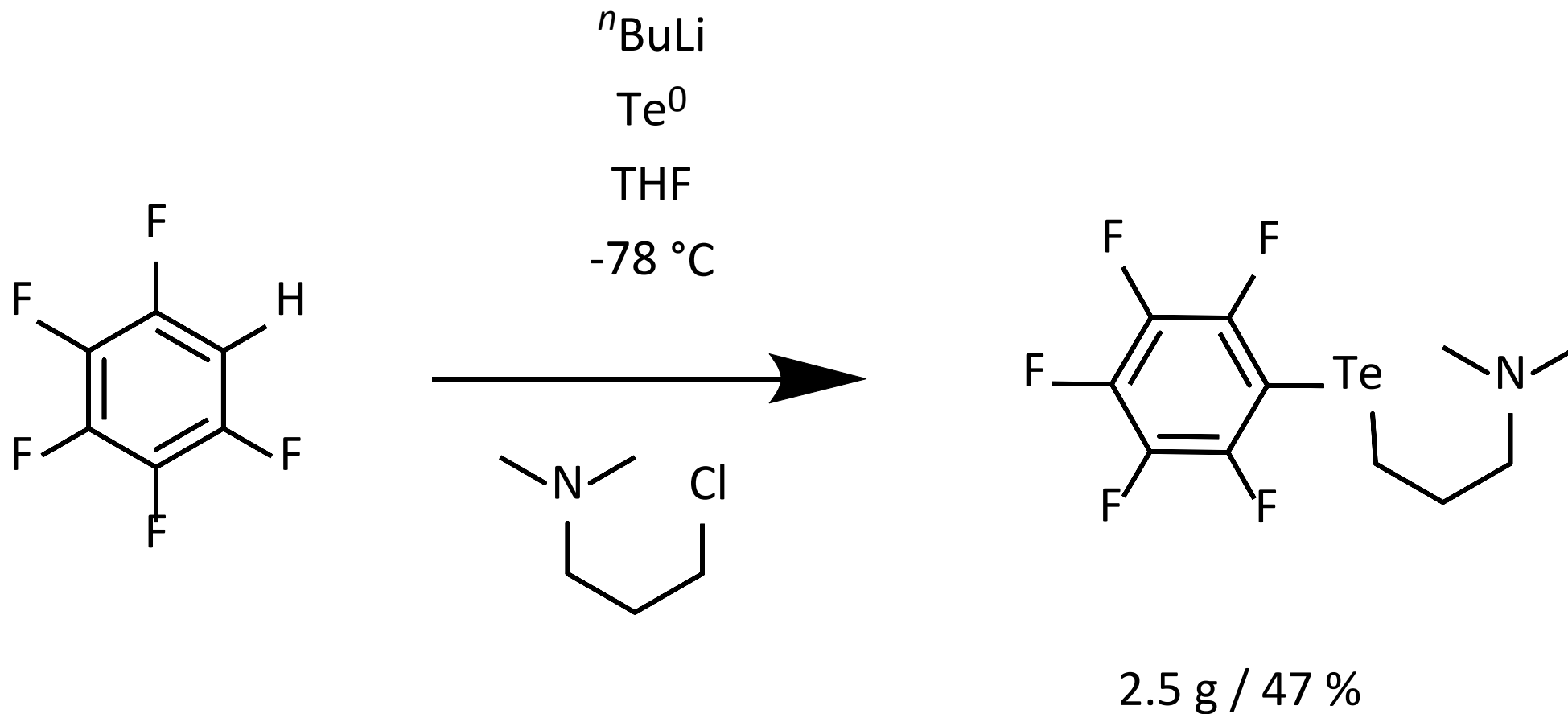


# Introduction – $\sigma$ -hole

- $V_{s,\max}$  = “ $\sigma$ -holes” / Lewis-acidic
- $V_{s,\min}$  = “ $\sigma$ -lumps” / Lewis-basic

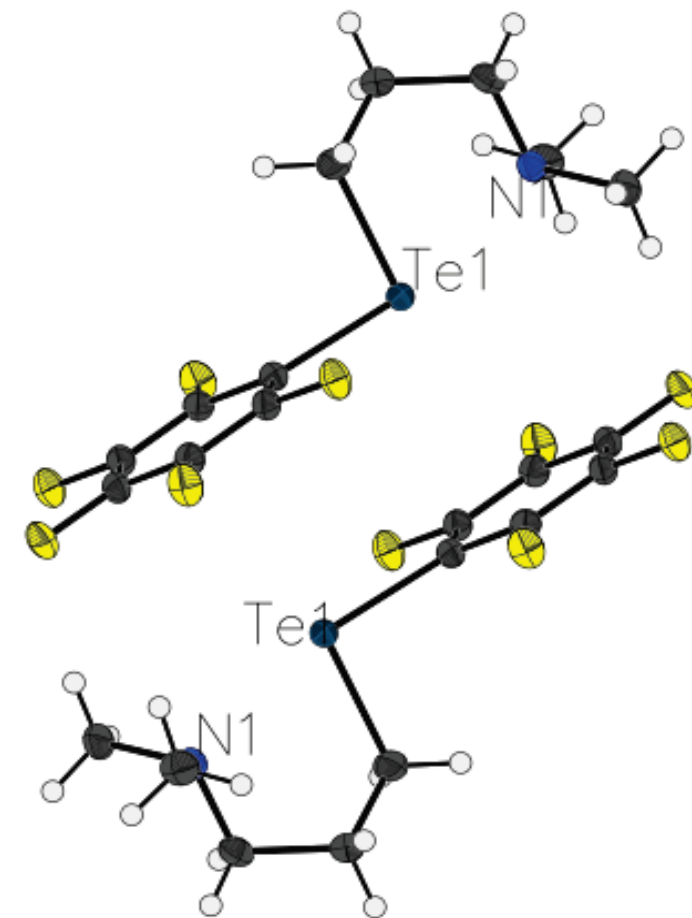
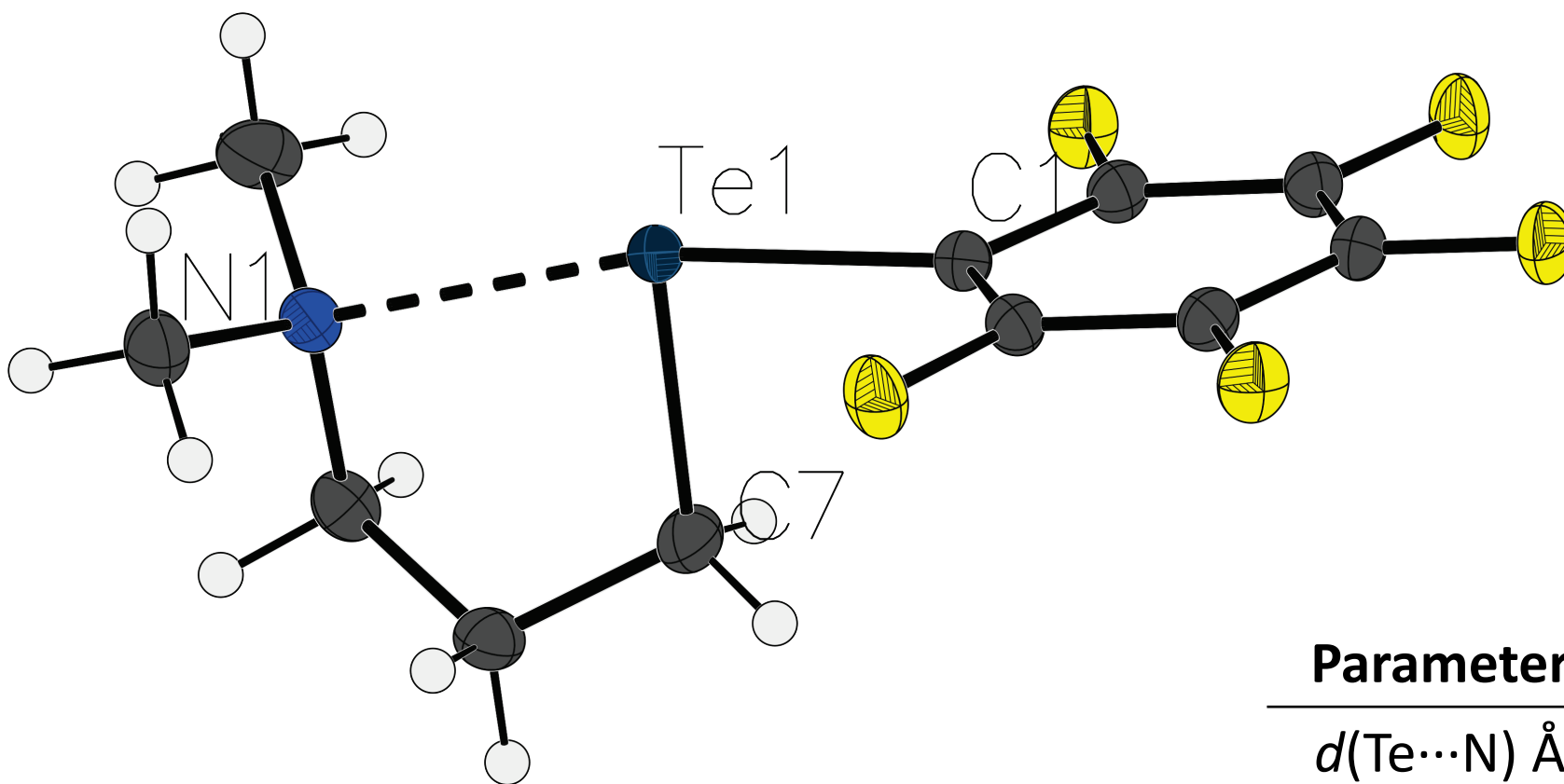


# Flexible linker



${}^{125}\text{Te}$ -NMR  $\delta$  / ppm = 353 (t) ( ${}^3J_{\text{Te},\text{F}} = 75\text{ Hz}$ )

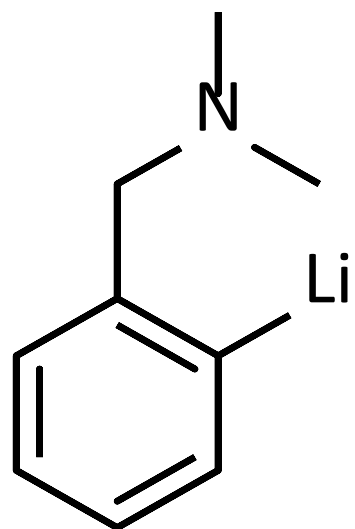
# Flexible linker



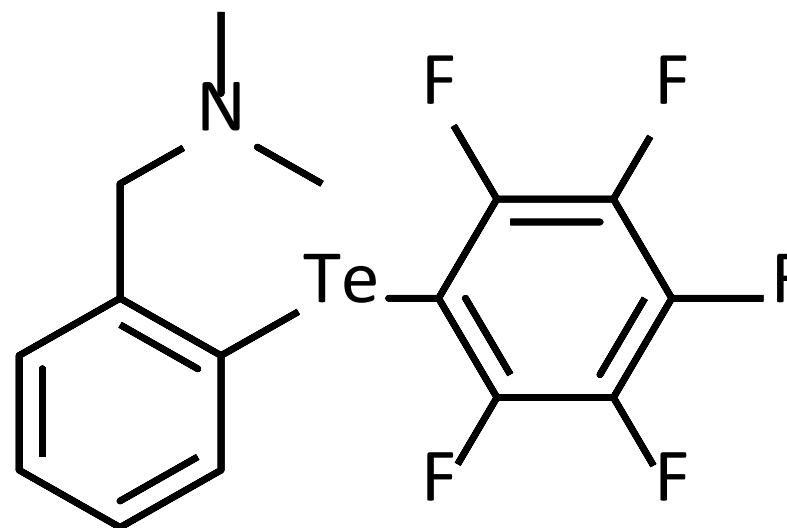
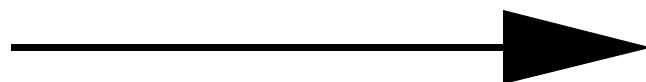
Parameter	X-ray
$d(\text{Te}\cdots\text{N}) \text{ \AA}$	2.639(1)
$\alpha(\text{C}-\text{Te}-\text{C})^\circ$	91.3(1)
$\alpha(\text{N}\cdots\text{Te}-\text{C})^\circ$	166.4(1)

$^{125}\text{Te}$ -NMR  $\delta / \text{ppm} = 353 \text{ (t)}$  ( $^3J_{\text{Te,F}} = 75\text{Hz}$ )

# semiflexible linker



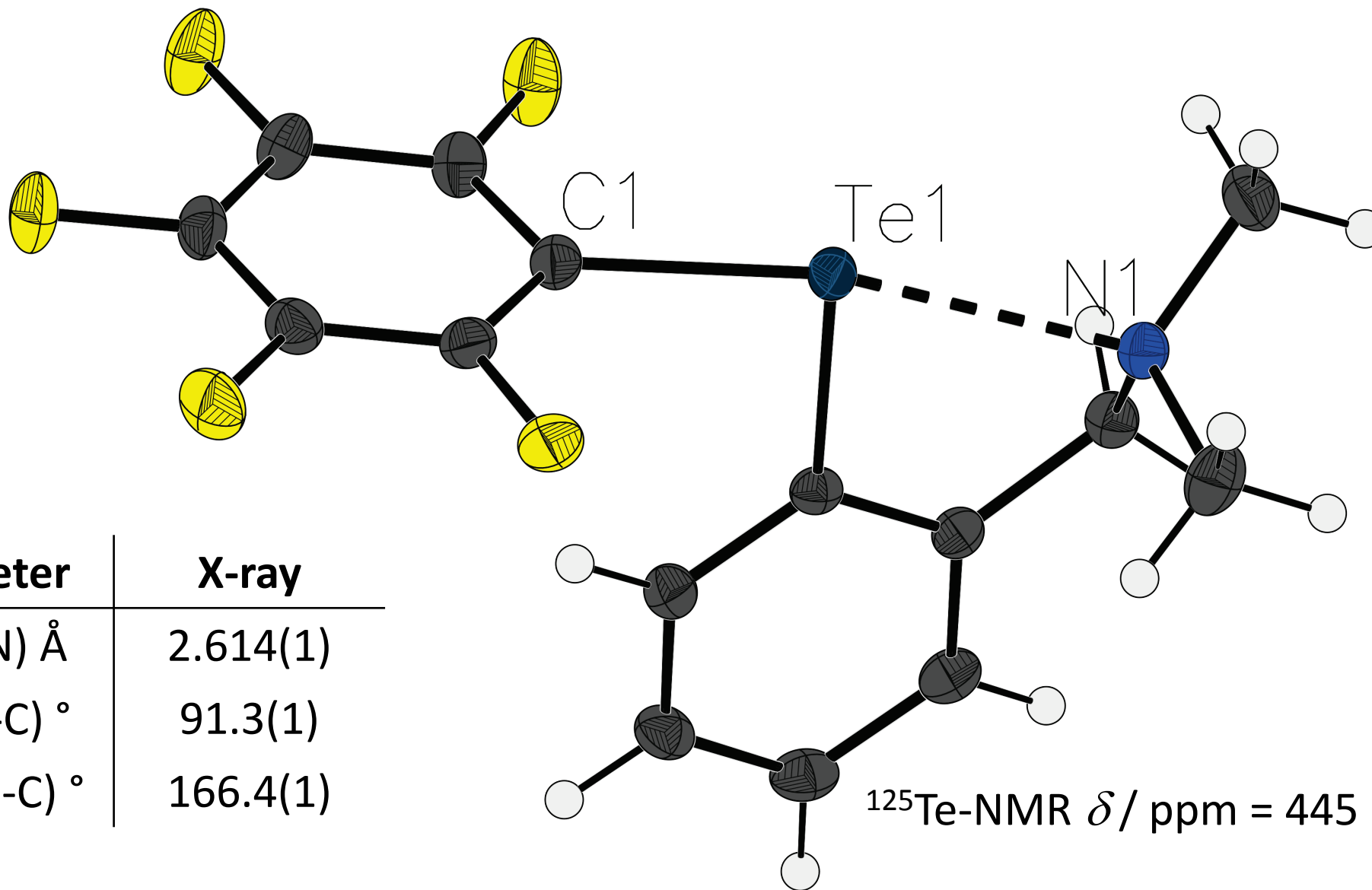
Te<sup>0</sup>  
THF  
-78 °C  
C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>Br



1.8 g / 22 %

<sup>125</sup>Te-NMR  $\delta$  / ppm = 445 (t) (<sup>3</sup>J<sub>Te,F</sub> = 75 Hz)

# semiflexible linker



**Parameter**

**X-ray**

$d(\text{Te}\cdots\text{N}) \text{ \AA}$

2.614(1)

$\alpha(\text{C}-\text{Te}-\text{C})^\circ$

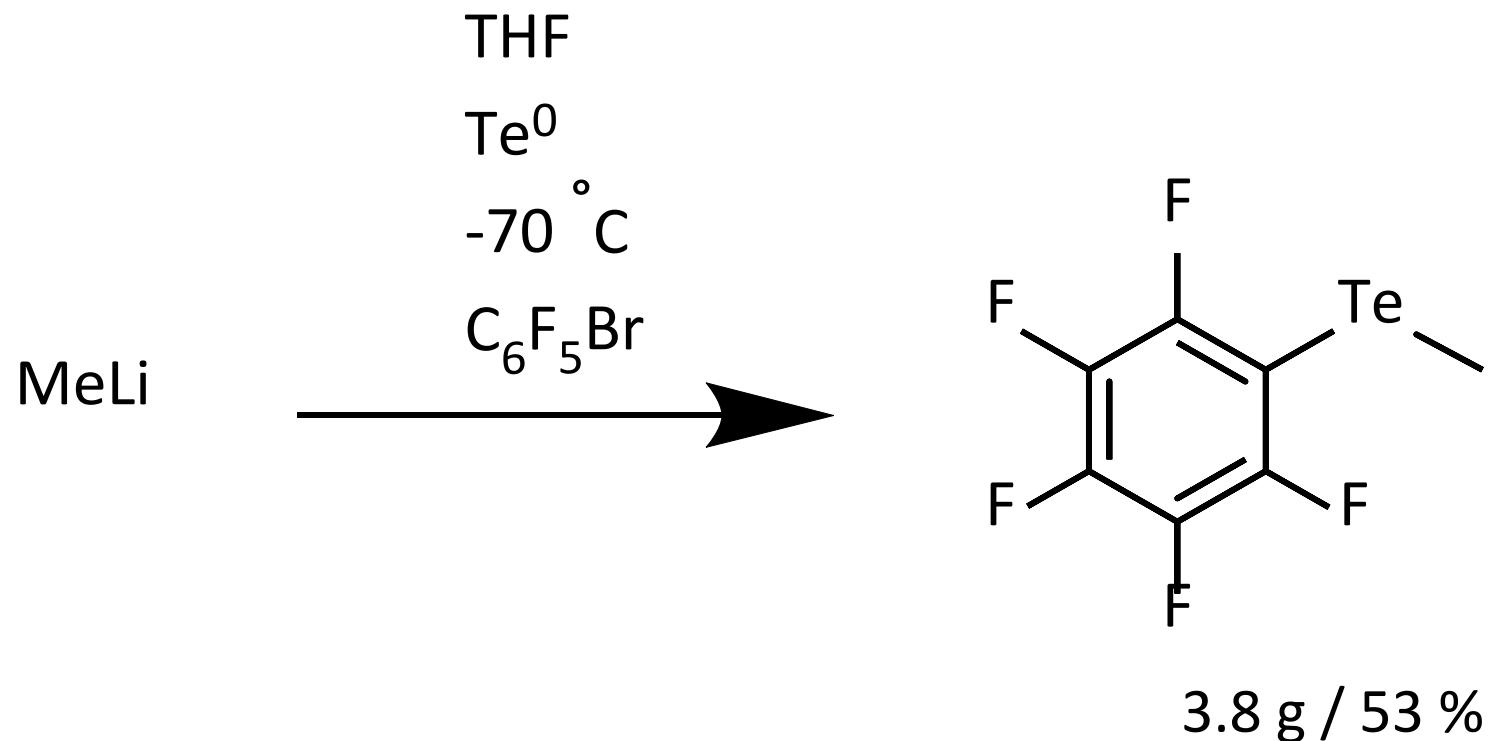
91.3(1)

$\alpha(\text{N}\cdots\text{Te}-\text{C})^\circ$

166.4(1)

$^{125}\text{Te}$ -NMR  $\delta / \text{ppm} = 445 \text{ (t)}$  ( $^3J_{\text{Te,F}} = 75\text{Hz}$ )

# Perfluorophenylmethyltellane

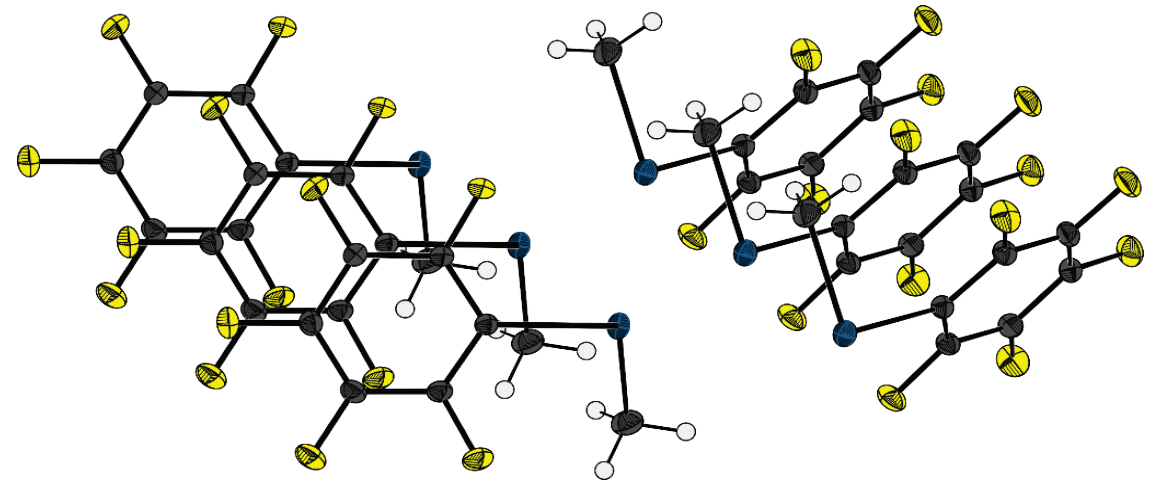


<sup>125</sup>Te-NMR  $\delta$  / ppm = 210 (t) (<sup>3</sup>J<sub>Te,F</sub> = 75 Hz)



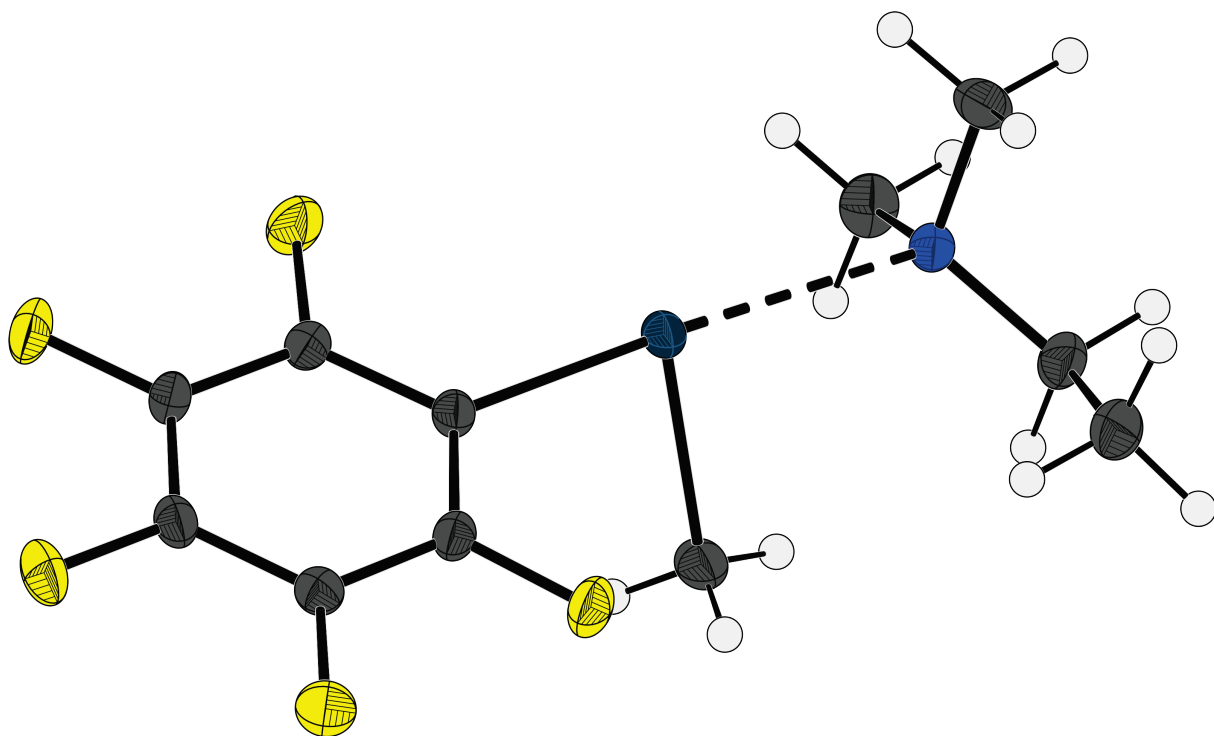
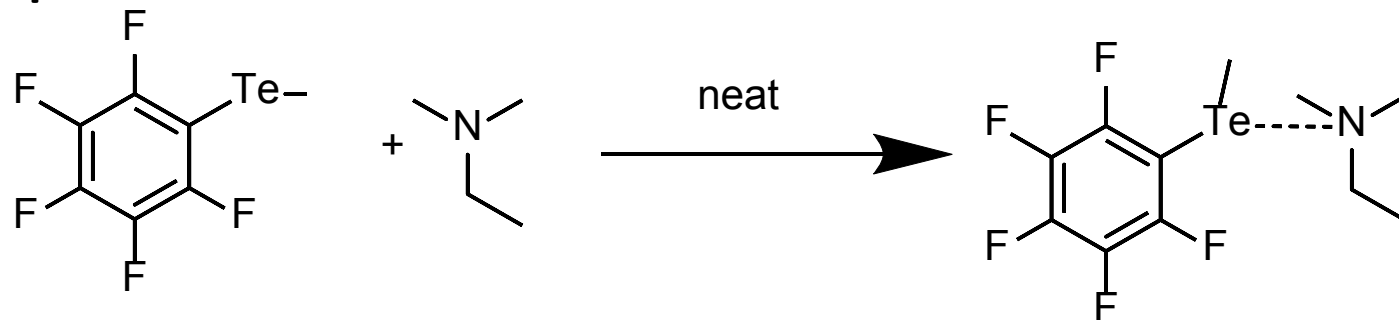
# Perfluorophenylmethyltellane

Parameter	X-ray
$d(\text{Te}\cdots\text{Te}) \text{ \AA}$	3.761(1)
$\alpha(\text{C-Te-C}) \text{ }^\circ$	94.3(1)
$\alpha(\text{Te}\cdots\text{Te-C}) \text{ }^\circ$	164.7(1)



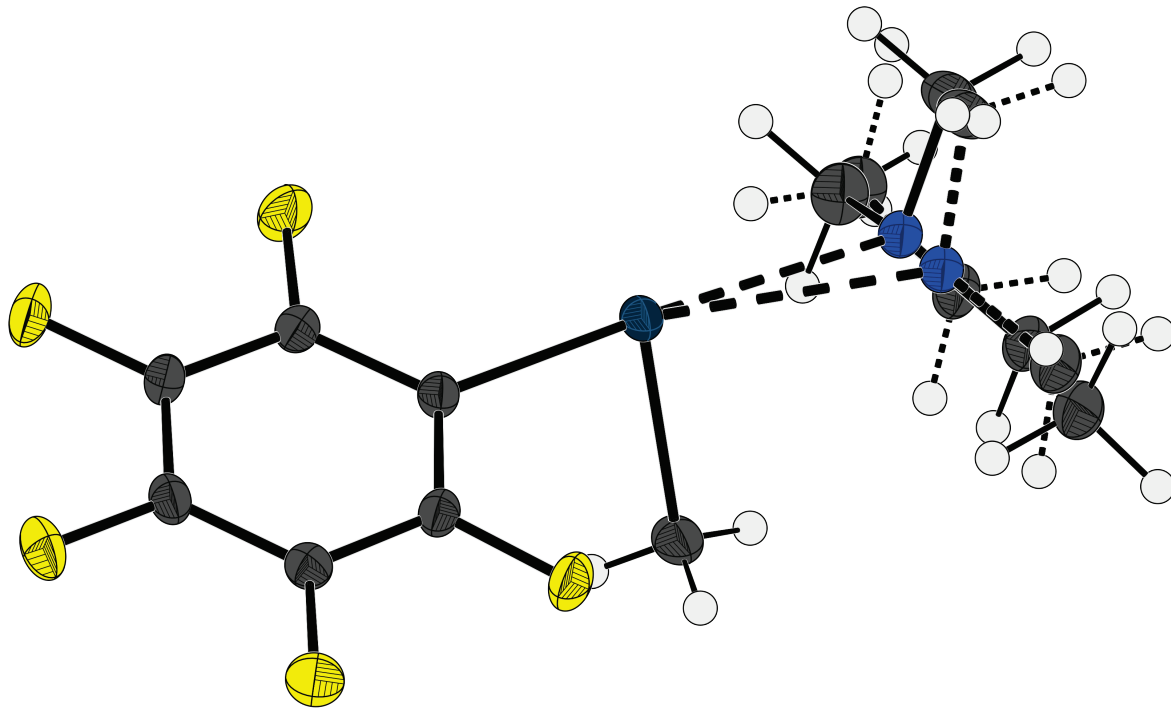
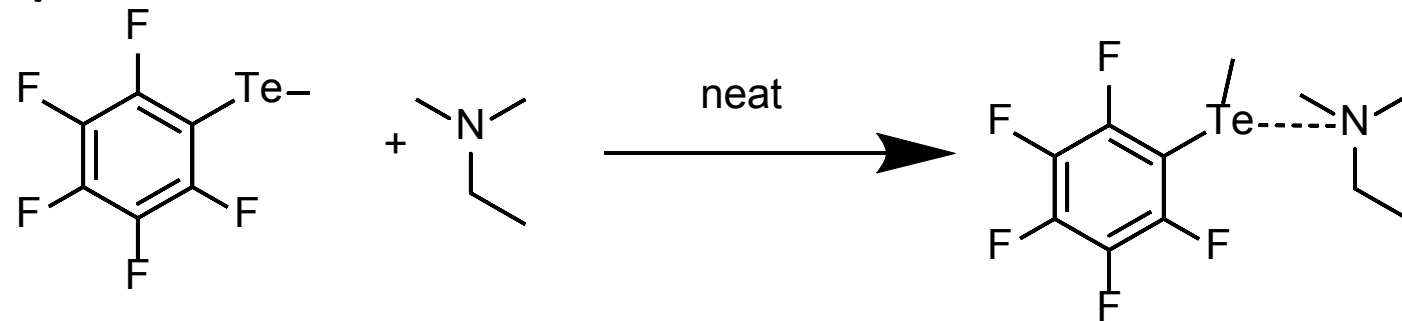
$^{125}\text{Te-NMR } \delta / \text{ppm} = 210 \text{ (t)} \text{ } (^3J_{\text{Te,F}} = 75\text{Hz})$

# Perfluorophenylmethyltellane - complex



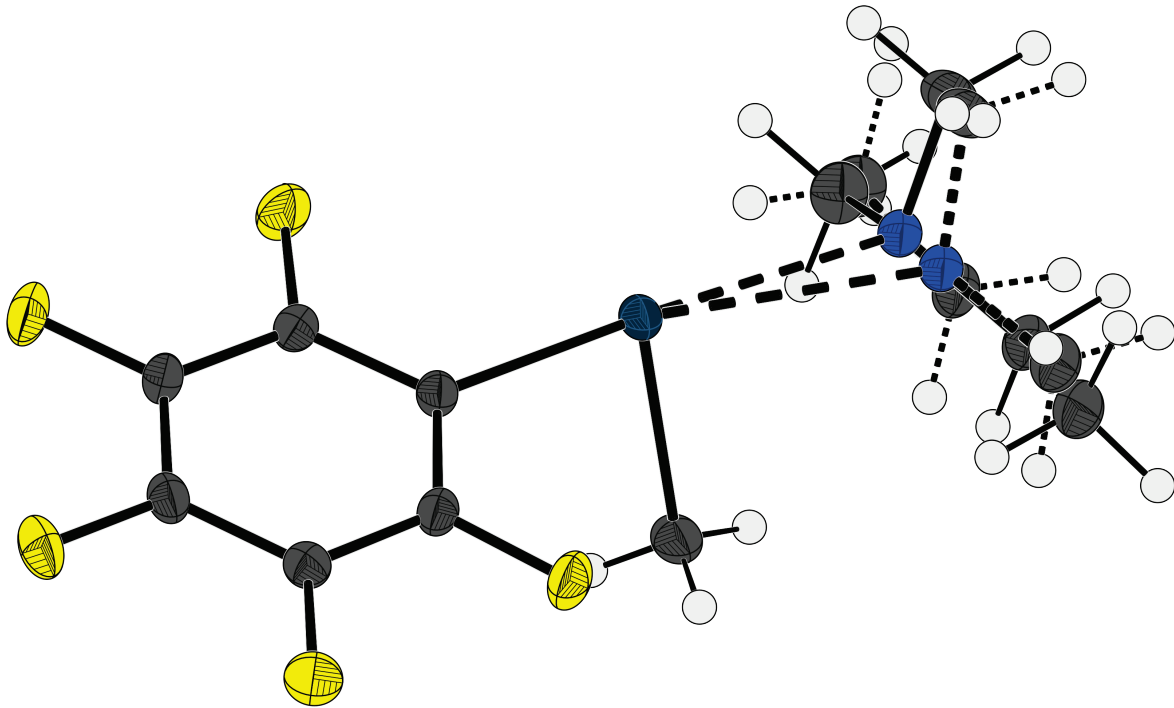
Parameter	X-ray
$d(\text{Te}\cdots\text{N}) \text{ \AA}$	2.853(1)
$\alpha(\text{C}-\text{Te}-\text{C})^\circ$	91.4(1)
$\alpha(\text{N}\cdots\text{Te}-\text{C})^\circ$	174.6(1)

# Perfluorophenylmethyltellane - complex



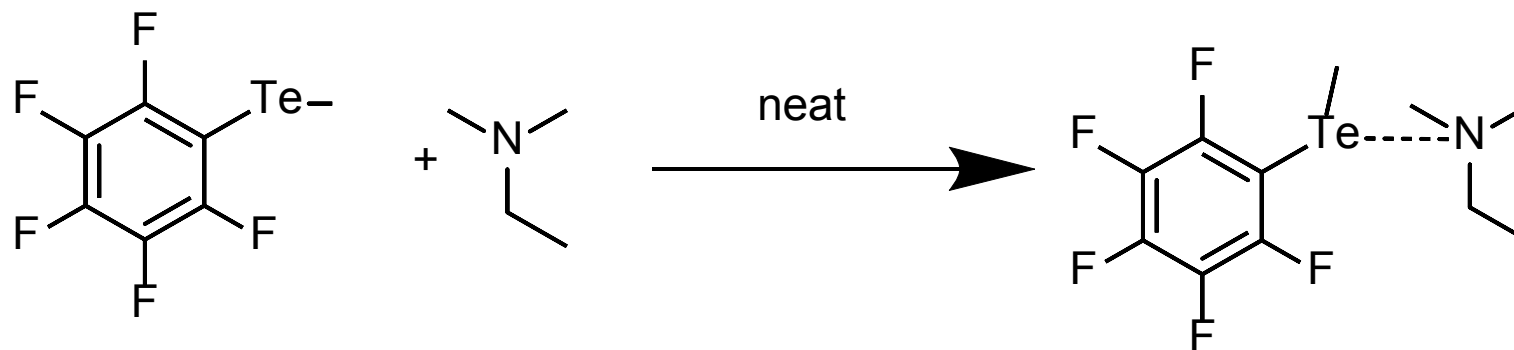
Parameter	X-ray
$d(\text{Te}\cdots\text{N}) / \text{\AA}$	2.853(1)
$\alpha(\text{C}-\text{Te}-\text{C}) / ^\circ$	91.4(1)
$\alpha(\text{N}\cdots\text{Te}-\text{C}) / ^\circ$	174.6(1)

# Reversible Twinning behavior



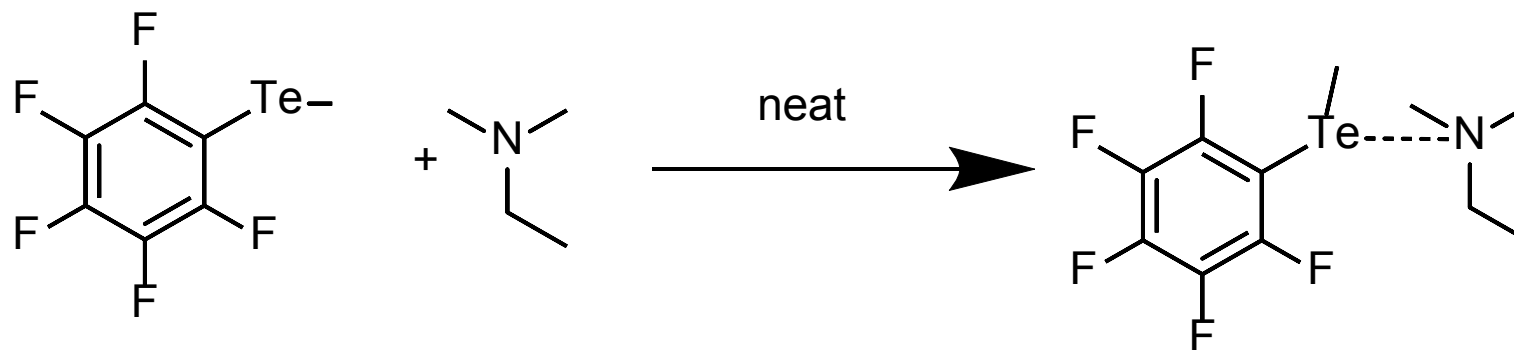
Temperature / K	Ratio of disorder
200	67:33
150	75:25
94	98:2

# SAPT0 @ def2-TZVP



Basis Set	$\Delta E$	<i>Electrostatics</i>	<i>Exchange</i>	<i>Induction</i>	<i>Dispersion</i>
def2-TZVP	-10.2	-16.1	22.5	-5.3	-11.3

# LED study @ DLPNO-CCSD(T)



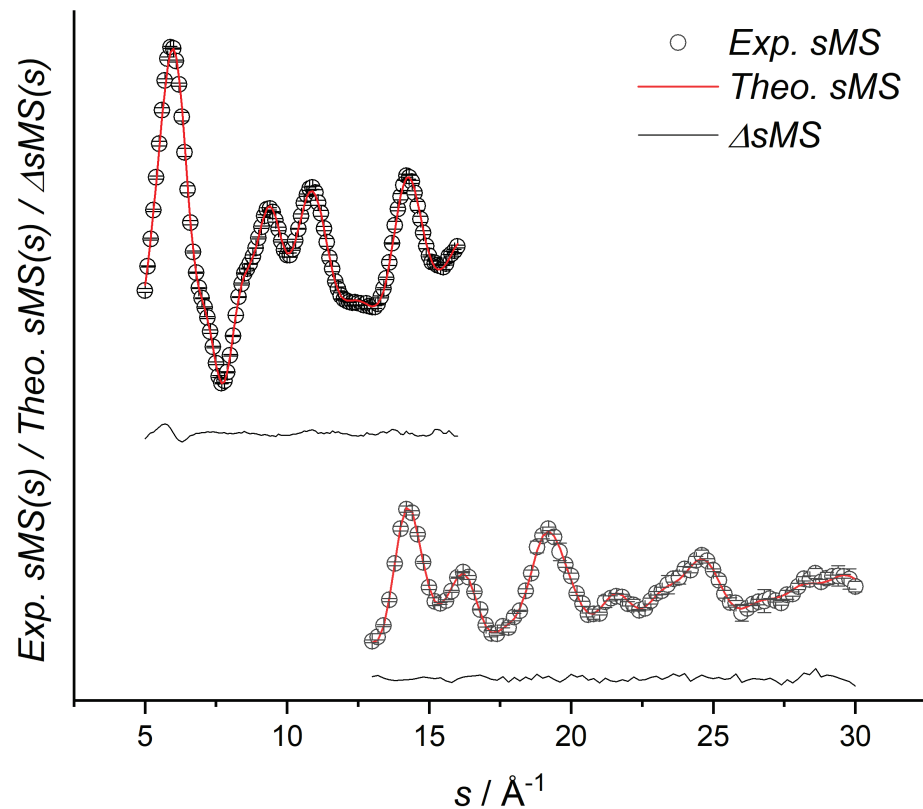
Basis Set	$\Delta E_{int}$	$E_{elint}$	$E_{exch}$	$E_{disp}$	$E_{C-T}$	$\Delta E_{el-prep}$	$\Delta E_{geo-prep}$
def2-QZVPP	-21.4	-68.6	-13.9	-7.1	-2.2	70.4	12.7

$$\Delta E = - 8.7 \text{ kcal mol}^{-1}$$

# Summary – solid state

$d(\text{Te}\dots\text{N}) / \text{\AA}$	linker	
2.614(1)	benzyl	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Influence of the backbone</li></ul>
2.639(1)	propyl	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Interaction exists even without backbone</li></ul>
2.853(1)	-	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Strongly electrostatic interaction</li></ul>

# GED studies

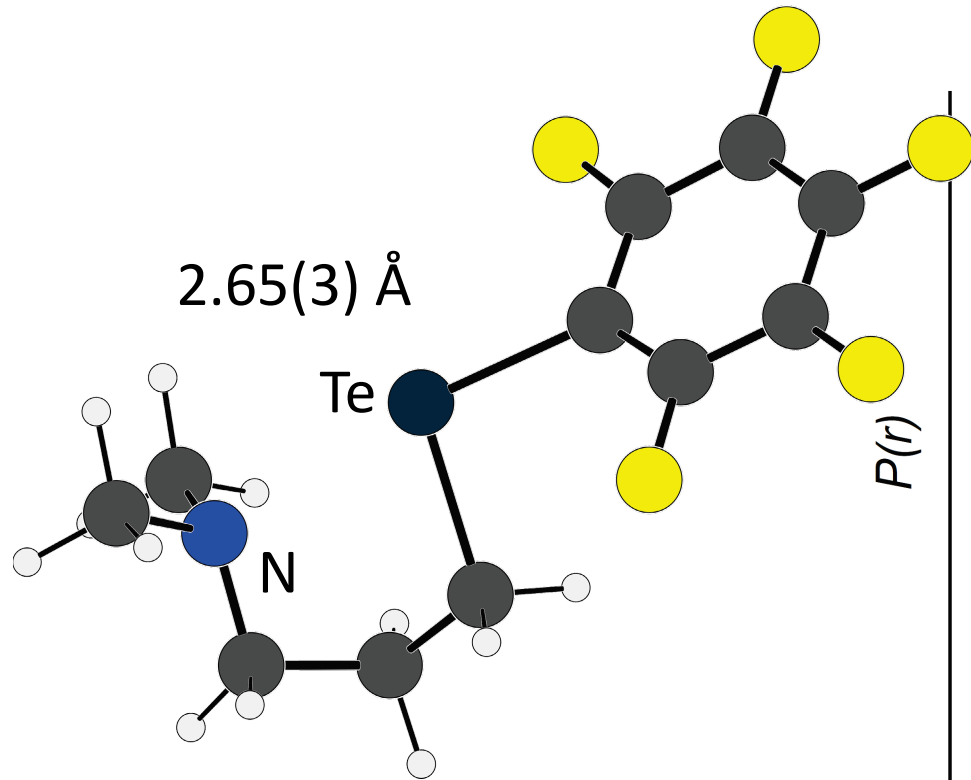


Nozzle-to-plate-distance / mm	250	500
nozzle temperature / K	443	443
accelerating voltage / kV	60	60
$Rf$ / %	13.9	6.7
$wRd$ / %	2.2	3.6

PBE-D3BJ / def2TZVPP / static model

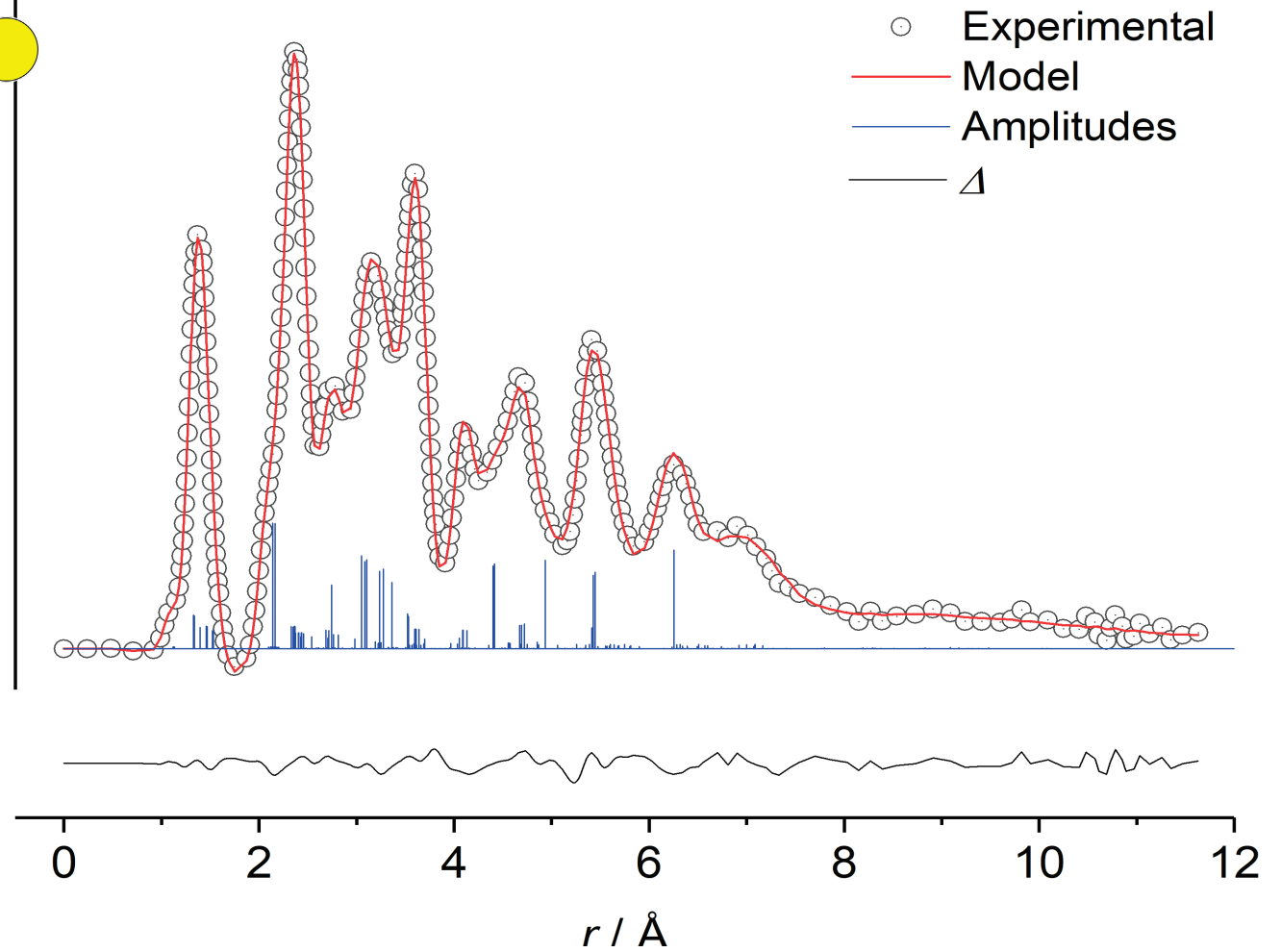


# GED studies

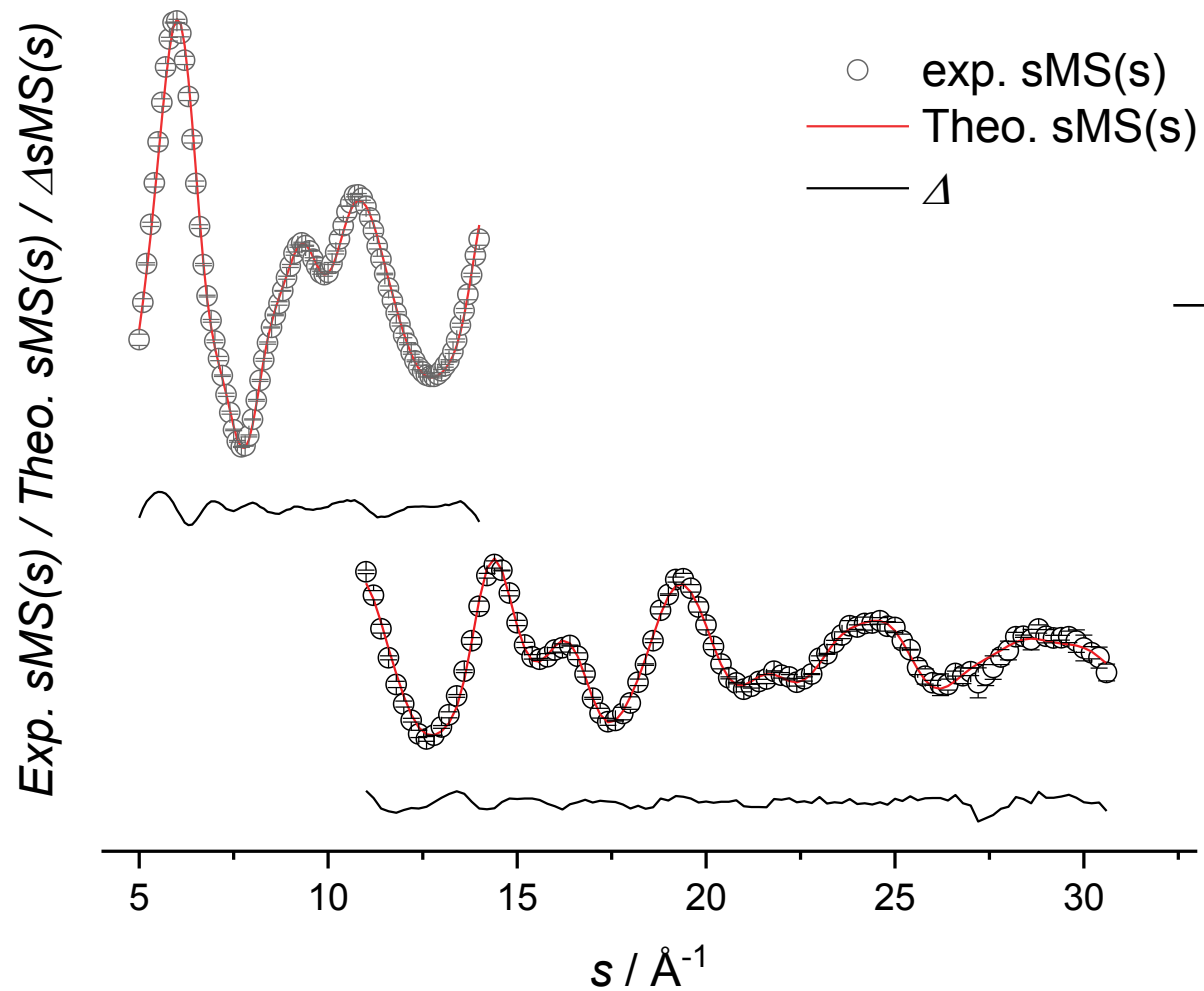


$R_f = 5.6 \%$

$wR_d = 2.7 \%$



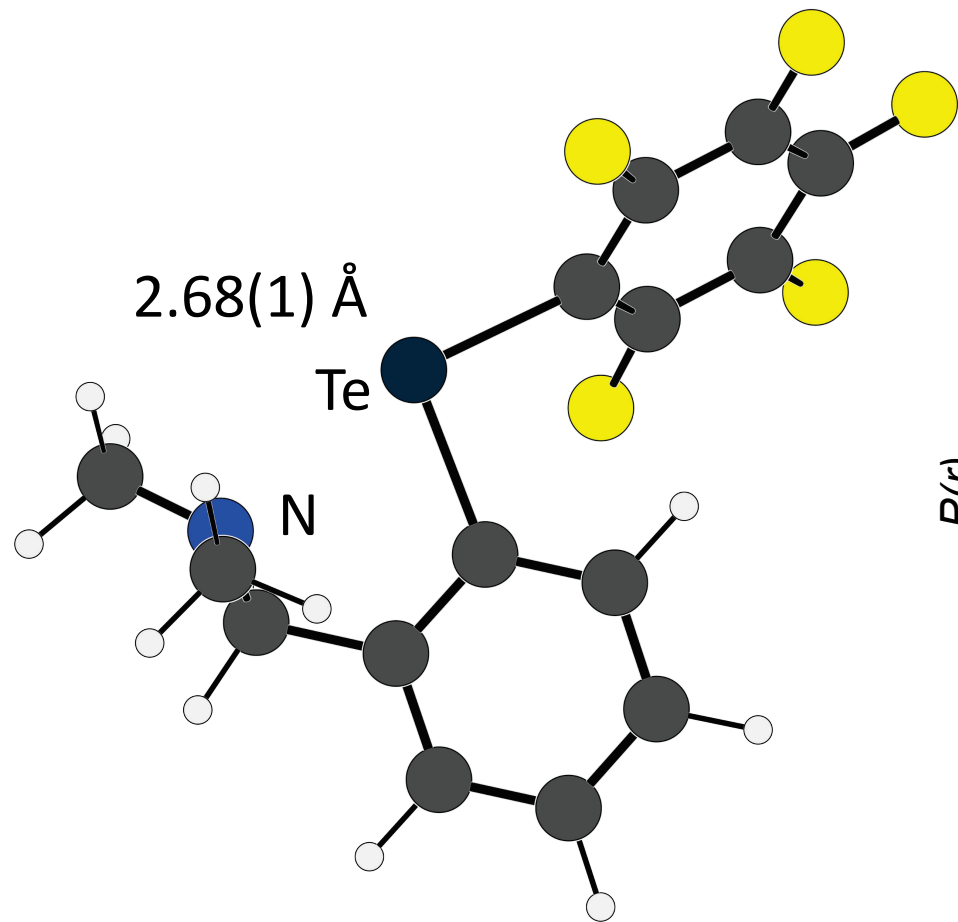
# GED studies



Nozzle-to-plate-distance / mm	250	500
nozzle temperature / K	474	474
accelerating voltage / kV	60	60
$Rf$ / %	18.1	7.8
$wRd$ / %	2.8	4.6

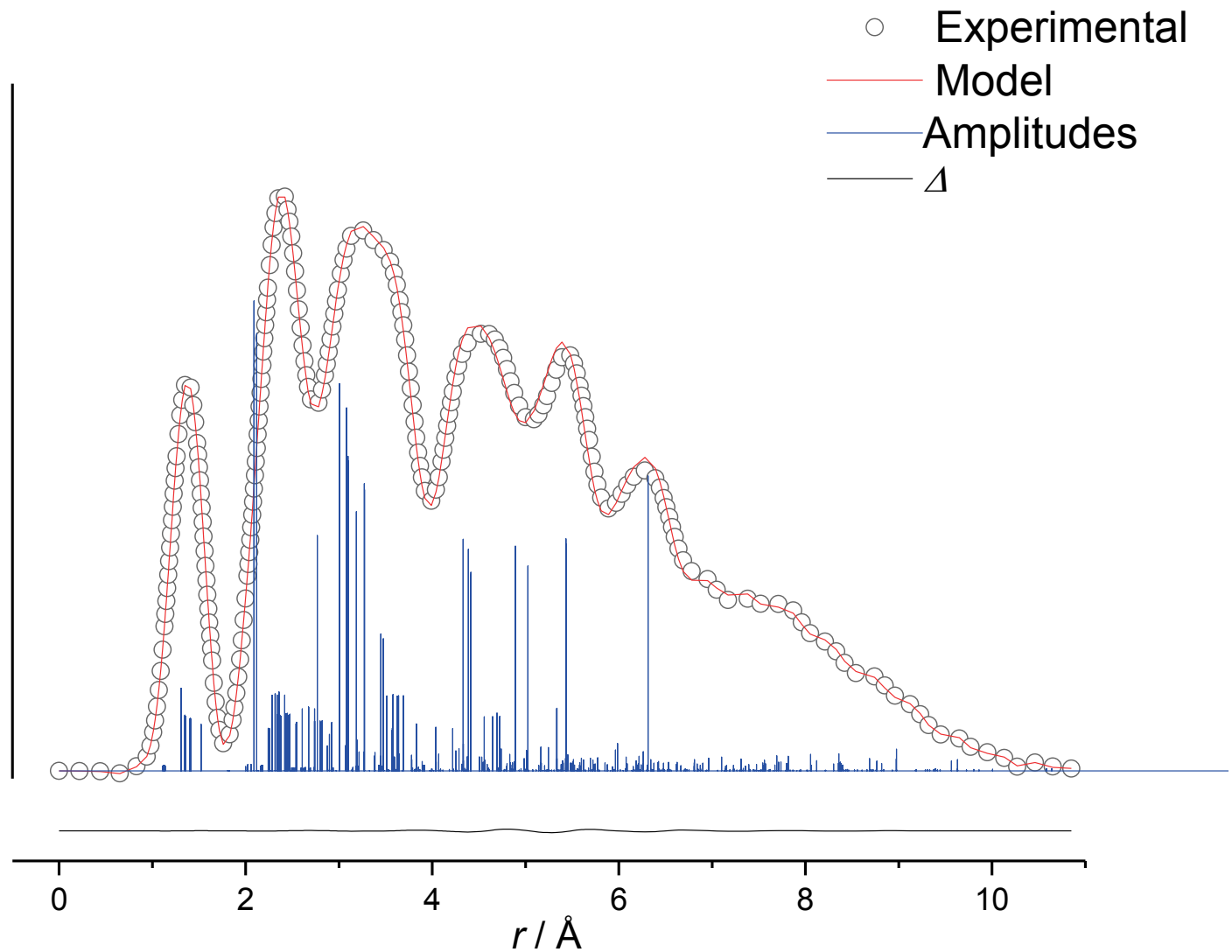
B3LYP-D3BJ / def2TZVPP / static model

# GED studies



$R_f = 9.9\%$

$wR_d = 3.6\%$



# Summary – GED studies

Parameter	Benzylspacer	Propylspacer
$d(\text{Te-N}) / \text{\AA}$	2.68(1)	2.65(3)
$d(\text{C-Te}) / \text{\AA}$	2.077(2)	2.130(4)
$\alpha(\text{C-Te-C}) / ^\circ$	93.8(1)	98(4)
$\alpha(\text{C-Te...N}) / ^\circ$	164.4(1)	172(4)

- Te ... N distance almost equal for the tested molecules
- Less dependence of the backbone
- Strong electrostatic effect

fin



Financial support:

# ... or other theories

(DSD-PBEP86-D3/def2TZVPP @ RIJK-SCS-MP2/def2TZVPP)

<b>Compound</b>	<b>Donor /Acceptor</b>	<b>Energy / kcal mol<sup>-1</sup></b>	<b><i>d</i>(Te,N)</b>
Complex	LP(N) / s <sup>*</sup> (Te-C)	8.1	2.91
Propyllinker	LP(N) / s <sup>*</sup> (Te-C)	12.9	2.75
Benzyllinker	LP(N) / s <sup>*</sup> (Te-C)	13.7	2.65

# ... or other theories

(DSD-PBEP86-D3/def2TZVPP @ RIJK-SCS-MP2/def2TZVPP)

<b>Compound</b>	<b><math>r / e\text{\AA}^{-3}</math></b>	<b><math>\nabla r / e\text{\AA}^{-5}</math></b>	<b><math>d(\text{Te},\text{N})</math></b>
Complex	0.024	0.054	2.91
Propylspacer	0.033	0.067	2.75
Benzylyspacer	0.036	0.071	2.65